

Planar Dynamics

Engineering Mechanics: Dynamics

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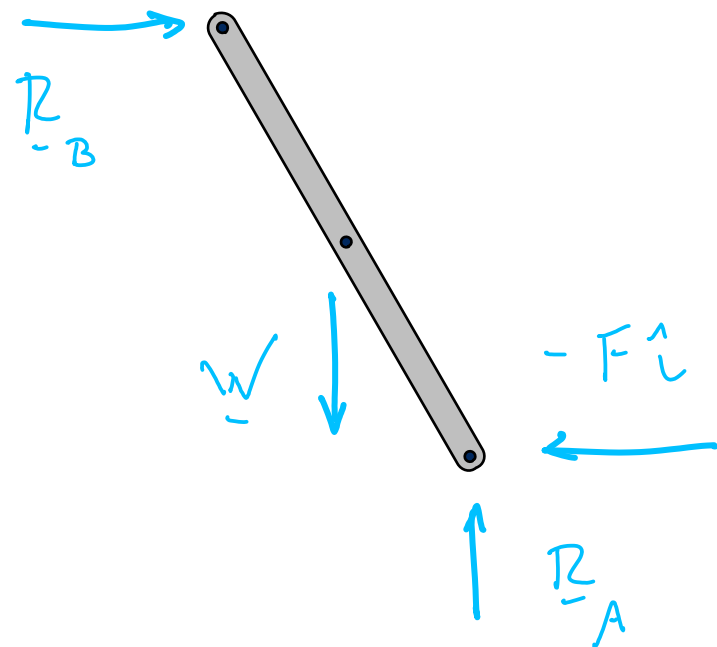
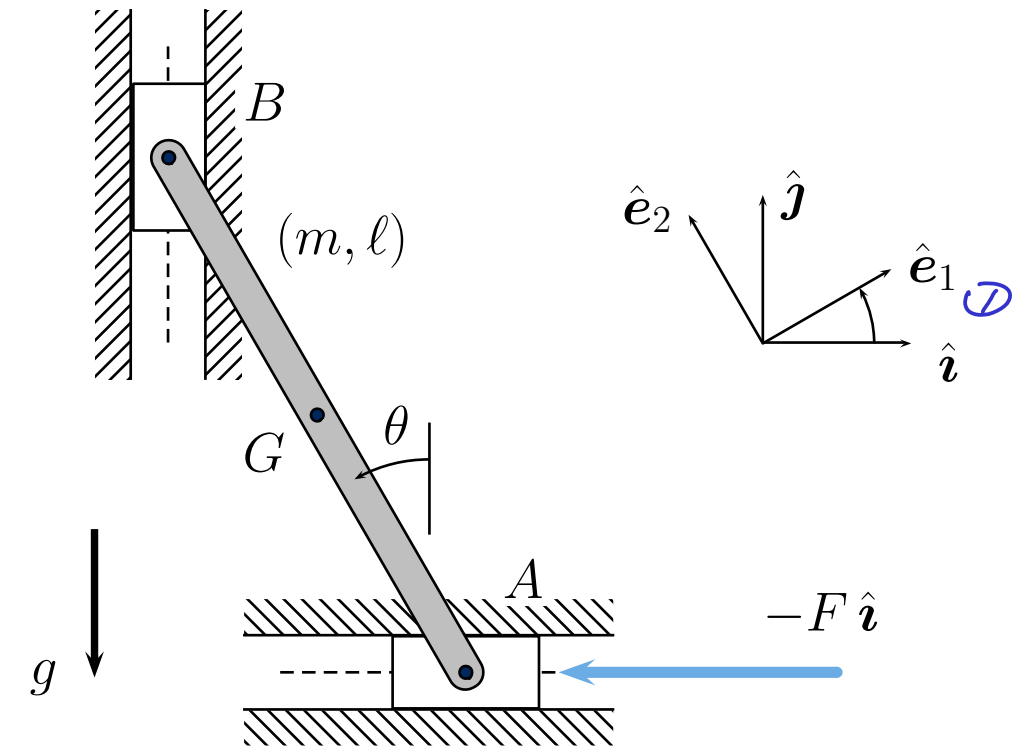
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The bar of mass m and length ℓ slides along the smooth horizontal and vertical slots and the (massless) block at A is subject to a force $-F \hat{i}$. Find the resulting angular acceleration of the bar if it is released from rest at angle θ .



W : WEIGHT

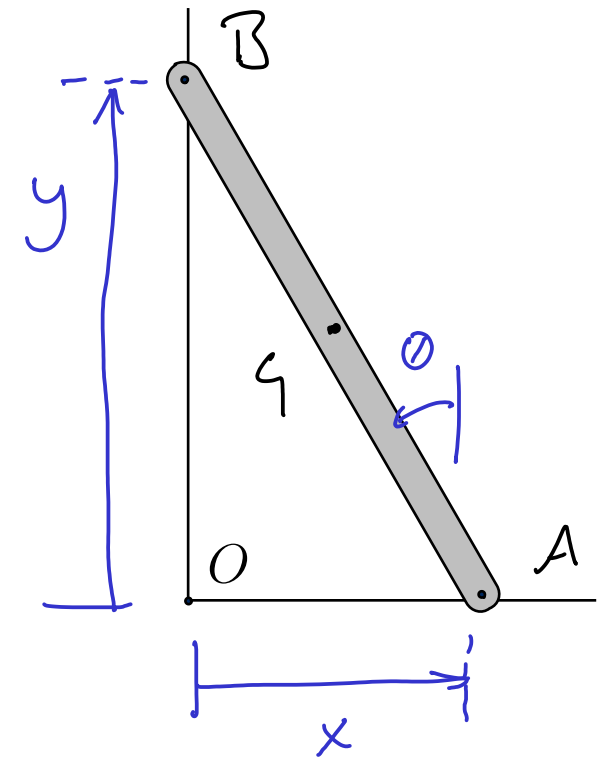
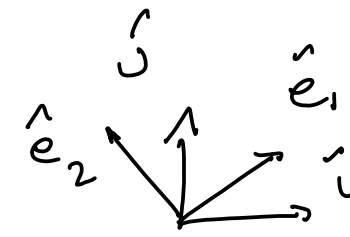
R : REACTION FORCES

$-F \hat{i}$: EXTERNAL FORCES

Coordinates and Directions

$$\hat{e}_1 = C_\theta \hat{i} + S_\theta \hat{j} \quad \hat{e}_2 = -S_\theta \hat{i} + C_\theta \hat{j}$$

$$\underline{a}_A = \ddot{x} \hat{i} \quad \underline{a}_B = \ddot{y} \hat{j}$$



Kinematics

$$\underline{a}_B = \underline{a}_A + \underline{\omega}_B \times \underline{r}_{B/A} + \underline{\omega}_B \times (\underline{\omega}_B \times \underline{r}_{B/A})$$

$$\underline{\omega}_B = 0$$

AT THIS INSTANT

$$\ddot{y} \hat{j} = \ddot{x} \hat{i} + (\ddot{\theta} \hat{k}) \times (l \hat{e}_2)$$

$$= \ddot{x} \hat{i} - l \ddot{\theta} \hat{e}_1 = [\ddot{x} - l \ddot{\theta} C_\theta] \hat{i} + [-l \ddot{\theta} S_\theta] \hat{j}$$

$$\ddot{x} = l \ddot{\theta} C_\theta \quad , \quad \ddot{y} = -l \ddot{\theta} S_\theta$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \underline{\hat{a}}_{-G} &= \underline{\hat{a}}_{-A} + \underline{\hat{\alpha}}_{-\beta} \times \underline{r}_{-G/A} + \underline{\hat{\omega}}_{-\beta} \times \left(\underline{\hat{\omega}}_{-\beta} \times \underline{r}_{-G/A} \right) \\
 &= \ddot{x} \hat{i} + \left(\ddot{\theta} \hat{k} \right) \times \left(\frac{l}{2} \hat{e}_2 \right) \\
 &= \left(l \ddot{\theta} C_{\theta} \right) \hat{i} - \frac{l \ddot{\theta}}{2} \hat{e}_1 = \left[\frac{l \ddot{\theta}}{2} C_{\theta} \right] \hat{i} + \left[-\frac{l \ddot{\theta}}{2} S_{\theta} \right] \hat{j}
 \end{aligned}$$

Free Body Diagram/Equations of Motion

$$\left(R_B - F \right) \hat{i} + \left(R_A - mg \right) \hat{j} = \sum \underline{\hat{F}} = m \underline{\hat{a}}_{-G} = m \left\{ \left[\frac{l \ddot{\theta}}{2} C_{\theta} \right] \hat{i} + \left[-\frac{l \ddot{\theta}}{2} S_{\theta} \right] \hat{j} \right\}$$

$$\left(R_A \frac{l}{2} S_{\theta} - \left(R_B + F \right) \frac{l}{2} C_{\theta} \right) \hat{k} = \sum M_{-G} = I_G \underline{\hat{\alpha}}_{-\beta} = \frac{m l^2}{12} \left(\ddot{\theta} \hat{k} \right)$$

$$R_B - F = \frac{ml\ddot{\theta} \cos\theta}{2}$$

$$R_A - mg = -\frac{ml\ddot{\theta} \sin\theta}{2}$$

$$\frac{l \sin\theta}{2} R_A - \frac{l \cos\theta}{2} (R_B + F) = \frac{ml^2}{12} \ddot{\theta}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} R_A &= mg - \frac{ml \sin\theta}{2} \ddot{\theta} \\ R_B &= F + \frac{ml \cos\theta}{2} \ddot{\theta} \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow \frac{l \sin\theta}{2} \left(mg - \frac{ml \sin\theta}{2} \ddot{\theta} \right) - \frac{l \cos\theta}{2} \left(2F + \frac{ml \cos\theta}{2} \ddot{\theta} \right) = \frac{ml^2}{12} \ddot{\theta}$$

SO THAT

$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{3}{ml} \left[\frac{mg \sin\theta}{2} - F \cos\theta \right]$$

$$R_A = \left(1 - \frac{3 \sin^2\theta}{4} \right) mg + \frac{3 \sin\theta \cos\theta}{2} F$$

$$R_B = \frac{3 \sin\theta \cos\theta}{4} mg + \left(1 - \frac{3 \cos^2\theta}{4} \right) F$$

