

# Rigid Body Dynamics

## Engineering Mechanics: Dynamics

D. Dane Quinn, PhD

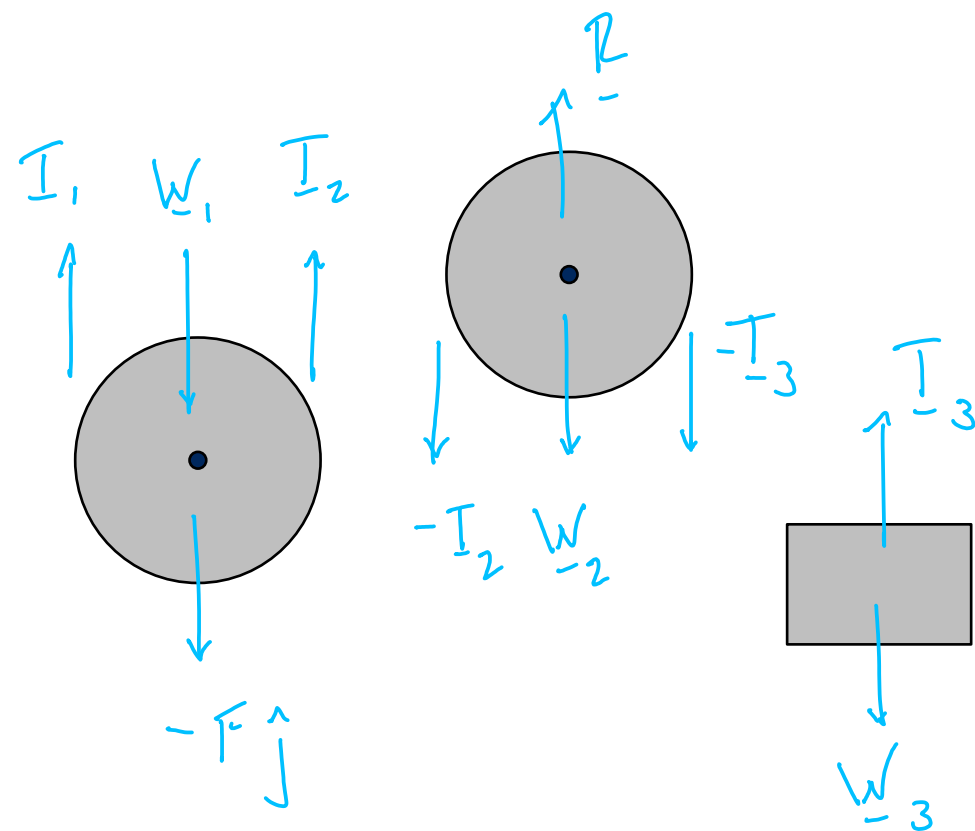
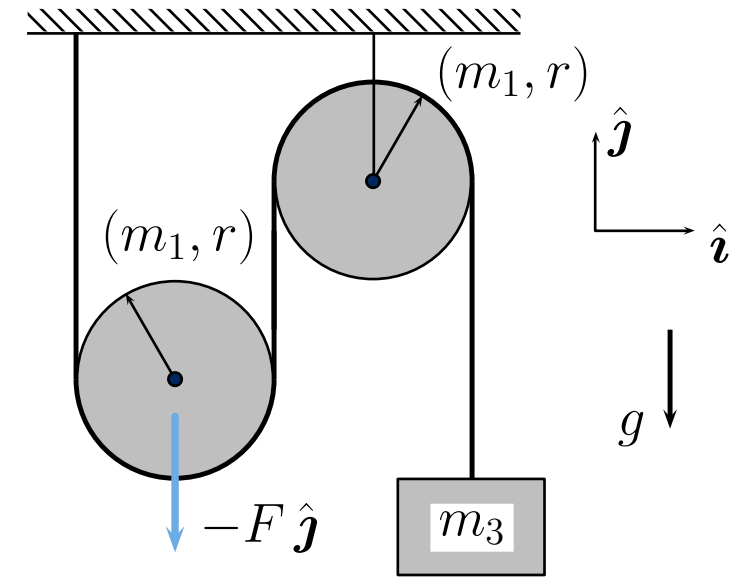
Department of Mechanical Engineering  
The University of Akron  
Akron OH 44325-3903 USA

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For the pulley system shown, each pulley has mass  $m_1$  and radius  $r$ , while the block has mass  $m_3$ . If the left pulley is subject to the force  $-F \hat{j}$  find the resulting acceleration of the block.



TENSION  $(\underline{T}_1, \underline{T}_2, \underline{T}_3)$   
 REACTION FORCE  $(\underline{R})$   
 WEIGHT  $(\underline{W}_1, \underline{W}_2, \underline{W}_3)$   
 EXTERNAL  $(-F \hat{j})$

# Coordinates and Directions/Kinematics

PULLEY 1

$$\underline{a}_A = \ddot{x} \hat{j}$$

$$\underline{\alpha}_1 = \ddot{\theta} \hat{k}$$

PULLEY 2:

$$\underline{a}_{O_2} = \underline{0}$$

$$\underline{\alpha}_2 = \ddot{\phi} \hat{k}$$

Block :

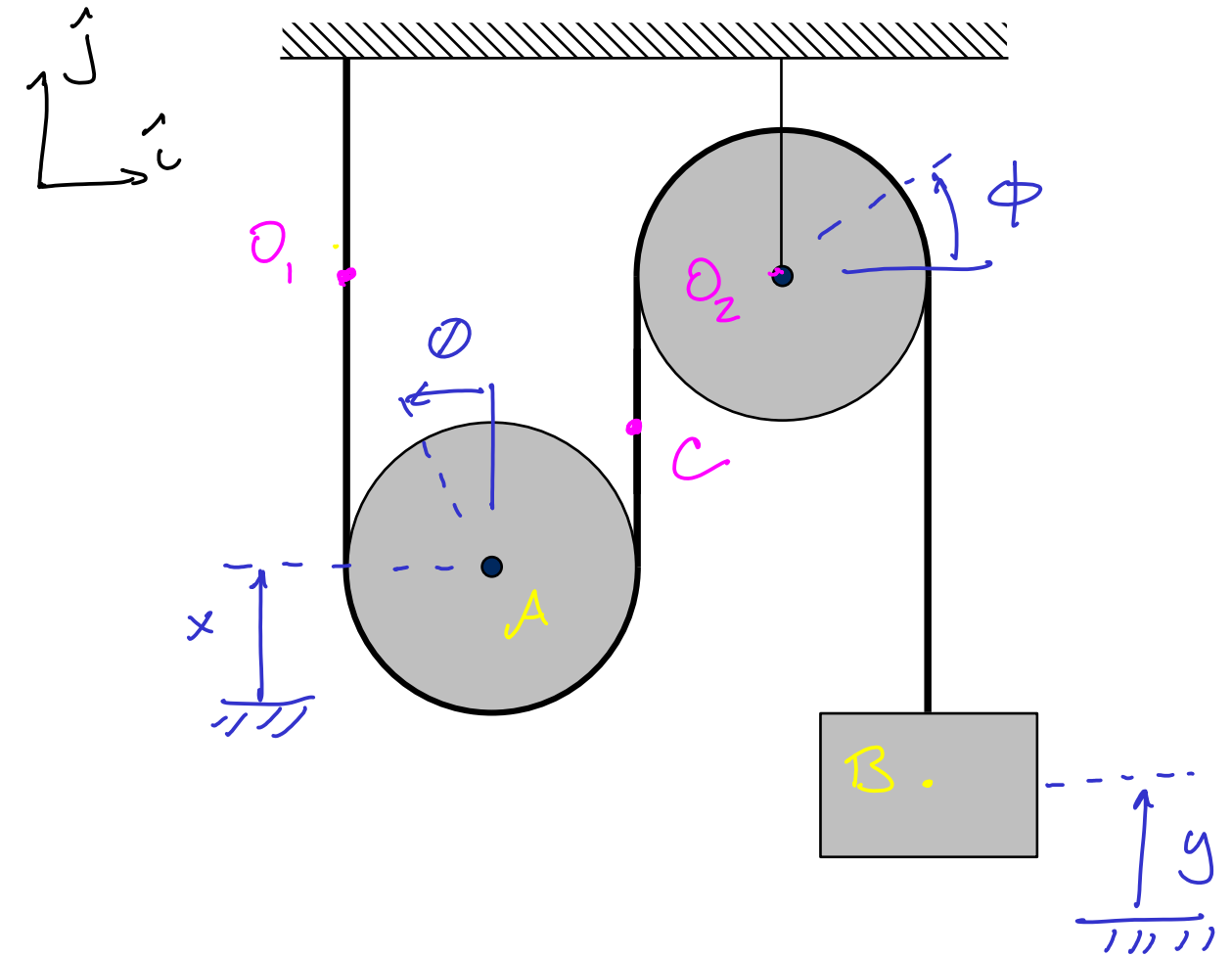
$$\underline{a}_B = \ddot{y} \hat{j}$$

$$\underline{v}_A = \underline{v}_{O_1} + \underline{v}_C, \quad \underline{v}_{O_2} = \frac{\underline{v}_C + \underline{v}_B}{2}$$

$$\underline{v}_C = -\underline{v}_B$$

$$\underline{v}_A = -\frac{\underline{v}_B}{2}$$

$$\underline{v}_A = \dot{x} \hat{j} = -\frac{\dot{y} \hat{j}}{2} \rightarrow \dot{x} = -\frac{\dot{y}}{2}$$



LIKEWISE

$$\underline{v}_A = \underline{v}_{O_1} + \underline{\omega}_1 \times \underline{r}_{A/O_1}$$

$$\dot{x} \hat{j} = \underline{0} + \dot{\theta} \hat{k} \times (r \hat{i})$$

$$\dot{x} \hat{j} = r \dot{\theta} \hat{j}$$

$$\dot{x} = r \dot{\theta}$$

$$\underline{v}_B = \underline{v}_{O_2} + \underline{\omega}_2 \times \underline{r}_{B/O_2}$$

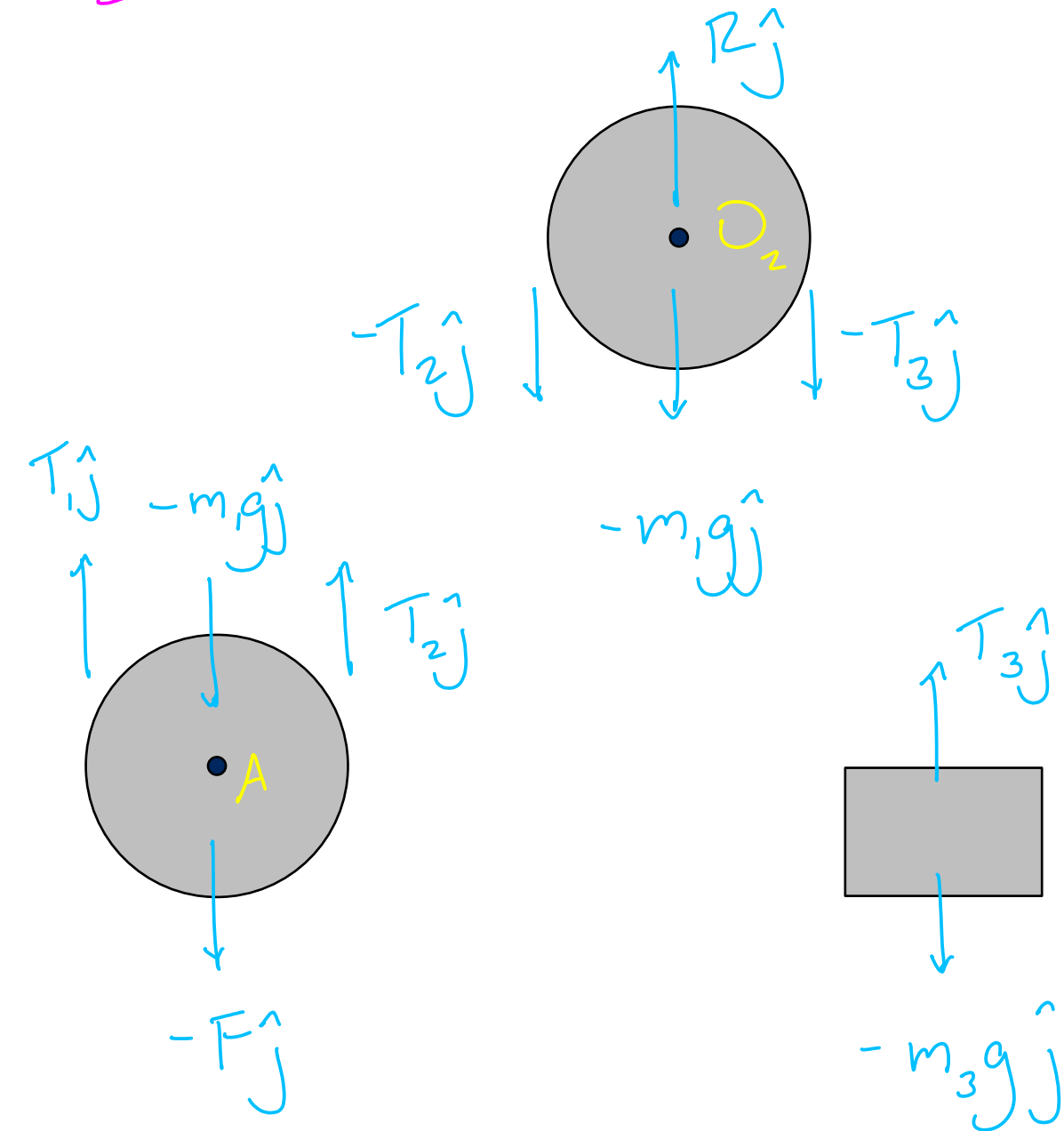
$$\dot{y} \hat{j} = \underline{0} + \dot{\phi} \hat{k} \times (r \hat{i})$$

$$\dot{y} \hat{j} = r \dot{\phi} \hat{j}$$

$$\dot{y} = r \dot{\phi}$$

# Free Body Diagram/Equations of Motion

$$\underline{M} = \underline{r} \times \underline{F}$$



MOMENTUM BALANCE

PULLEY 1:

$$\sum \underline{F} = T_1 \hat{j} - m_1 g \hat{j} + T_2 \hat{j} - F \hat{j} = m_1 \ddot{x}_j \hat{j} = m_1 \underline{a}_A$$

$$\sum M_{-A} = (r T_2 - r T_1) \hat{k} = \frac{m_1 r^2}{2} \ddot{\phi} \hat{k} = I_{A-1} \alpha_1$$

PULLEY 2:

$$\sum \underline{F} = -T_2 \hat{j} + R \hat{j} - T_3 \hat{j} - m_2 g \hat{j} = m_2 \underline{0} = m_2 \underline{a}_2$$

$$\sum M_{-O_2} = (T_2 r - T_3 r) \hat{k} = \frac{m_2 r^2}{2} \ddot{\phi} \hat{k} = I_{O_2}^2 \alpha_2$$

BLOCK:

$$\sum \underline{F} = T_3 \hat{j} - m_3 g \hat{j} = m_3 \ddot{y}_j \hat{j} = m_3 \underline{a}_B$$

TAKING COMPONENTS

$$T_1 + T_2 - m_1 g - F = m_1 \ddot{x}$$

$$r(T_2 - T_1) = \frac{m_1 r^2}{2} \ddot{\phi}$$

$$T_2 - T_3 - m_3 g = 0$$

$$r(T_2 - T_3) = \frac{m_3 r^2}{2} \ddot{\phi}$$

$$T_3 - m_3 g = m_3 \ddot{y}$$

CONSTRAINT EQUATIONS

$$\dot{y} = -2\dot{x}$$

$$\ddot{y} = -2\ddot{x}$$

$$\dot{x} = r\dot{\phi}$$

$$\ddot{x} = r\ddot{\phi}$$

$$\dot{y} = r\dot{\phi}$$

$$\ddot{y} = r\ddot{\phi}$$

ELIMINATE  $T_1, T_2, T_3$ 

$$m_1 g + F - m_1 \ddot{x} + \frac{m_1 r}{2} \ddot{\phi} = 2 \left( m_3 g + m_3 \ddot{y} + \frac{m_3 r}{2} \ddot{\phi} \right)$$

$$\ddot{y} = \frac{F + (m_1 - 2m_3)g}{4m_1 + 2m_3}$$

SO THAT

$$\underline{a}_B = \ddot{y} \hat{j} = \left( \frac{F + (m_1 - 2m_3)g}{4m_1 + 2m_3} \right) \hat{j}$$